BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR ME., MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1878. VOLUME XLV---NUMBER 226.

BANGOR

aily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNINGS

by

BOUTELLE & BURR.

BOUTELLE, HENRY A. BURR.

Terms—$6.00 per year; $3.00 for six months; $1.50 for three months. *Invariably in advance.*

THE BANGOR WEEKLY COURIER

IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,

At the Office of the DAILY WHIG AND COURIER, at Two Dollars per Year, *invariably in advance.*

AGENCIES.

M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State St., Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions to this Paper.

S. N. Nash, Agent, No. 5 Tremont Street, Boston.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Agents, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

HORACE DODD, Agent, Boston.

DAVIS & LOCKE, Agents, 34 Park Row, N. Y.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

The date affixed to the colored slips shows the time to which the subscription is paid. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires.

Business Cards.

R. S. E. & B.

Gunsmiths,

Corner of Kenduskeag Bridge and Harlow street, Bangor.

Have a good line of SPORTING GOODS on hand. Double and Single Guns, Breech-loading Guns' Breech-loading Rifles, Tools for loading Shells, Powder, Shot, Caps, Wads, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Shell Bags, Game Bags, Steel Traps, Fishing Tackle, Dog Collars, Snow Shoes, Moccasins, Sand Paper, &c.

Pocket Cutlasses, Skates and Sleds.

Revolvers and Cartridges at a low price. Keys fitted. Last but bought and sold. 4

GLOBE HOTEL.

Main and Cross Streets.....Bangor, Maine.

Sample Rooms on First Floor.

Free Conveyance to and from the House. Terms, $2.00 per day.

aug16 tf J. E. HARRIMAN, Proprietor.

S . . . S

WANTED.

AT FRENCH'S, SANDY POINT, ME.

Terms reasonable. Ride down and see for yourself, or apply to

N. S. FRENCH,

June5 Sandy Point, Me.

DIOCESAN

AUGUSTA, ME.

Eleventh Year begins Sept. 12th.

All departments filled by experienced Teachers. Terms reduced.

For Circulars and information address the

REV. SAMUEL UPJOHN,

july31 2m Rector.

American House,

CORNER MIDDLE AND INDIA STREETS,

PORTLAND, ME.

D. RANDALL & SON, Proprietors.

D. RANDALL. T. E. RANDALL.

may4 m74

READY FOR WORK

I have purchased new tools, and taken the shop next door to my old one (formerly occupied by Hayford), and am prepared to do all orders for driving tools at short notice.

B. KELLEY,

Washington St., Bangor.

aprils

SOMETHING NEW.

An Elastic Waterproof

LEATHER DRESSING

That will not wash off or soil the whitest garment. Call and satisfy yourself.

NORTON & FARRINGTON'S,

aug20 139 *Exchange Street.*

MRS. JAMES GOULD,

Clairvoyant Physician, would inform her friends and patients that she will be home for a short time, and will be happy to attend to all who desire her services, in health or business, at her residence 24 Lincoln Street. All communications confidential.

aug26 tf

ICE.

The undersigned having succeeded to the business of the

BANGOR ICE CO.

would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally that he is now prepared to furnish ICE at the lowest market prices, and hopes for a fair share of the public patronage. The Office of the Company has been removed from No. 12 Broad Street to Store of A. E. POTE & CO., where all orders may be left.

F. C. BRACKETT.

aprils

THE PEERLESS

Ice Cream Freezers

Are the Best. Call and see them at

W. P. DICKEY & CO'S

June29 Hardware Store.

WRINGERS

---AND---

All kinds of Wringers Repaired.

WATER PIPING.

Houses Piped for Holly.

RUBBER HOSE, Best Quality,

3 and 4 Ply warranted.

W. H. PRITCHARD,

130 Exchange Street.

may7

CANCERS,

ROOTS & FIBERS,

Destroyed,

And taken out, either in the first or advanced stages, having removed them from the Temple, the Nose, the Ear, the Lip, the Breast, and in other localities upon the face,

Without Loss of Blood, Cutting or Pain,

---BY---

Dr. Thomas G. Brown,

BANGOR, ME.,

Who Purifies the Blood, stopping the Cancer's growth forever. No relapses have occurred after this

TREATMENT.

Dr. B. continues to visit towns and cities, who can be consulted verbally or by letter.

Direct to 5 *Carroll street*, Bangor, Me.

Living references given.

sept18 6m3Tu&wSm3

Patents.

R. H. EDDY,

No. 70 State St., opposite Kilby, Boston,

Solicits Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Copies of the claims of any Patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded at Washington. *No agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.*

R. H. EDDY, Solicitor of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the most capable and successful practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse.

CHAS. MASON, Commissioner of Patents.

"Inventors cannot employ a person more trustworthy or more capable of securing for them an early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.

EDMUND BURKE,

late Commissioner of Patents."

BOSTON, October 19, 1870.

R. H. EDDY, Esq.—Dear Sir: You procured for me, in 1860, my first patent. Since then you have issued for and advised me in hundreds of cases, and procured many patents, reissues and extensions. I have occasionally employed the best agencies in New York, Philadelphia and Washington, but I still give you almost the whole of my business in your line, and advise others to employ you. Yours truly, GEORGE DRAPER.

Boston Jan. 1, 1878. 3taw 1y

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Samuel N. Hodgdon Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

District of Maine, ss. At Bangor, the third day of September, A. D. 1878. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Samuel N. Hodgdon of Bangor, in the County of Penobscot, and State of Maine, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, individually and as a member of the firm of Hodgdon & Dugrett, Hodgdon & Smith, Ross & Hodgdon, and Hodgdon & Johnson, by the District Court of said District, filed Aug. 8th, 1878.

FRANK A. FLOOD, Assignee.

sep9 3tSWeW

Order for Meeting of Creditors Under Section 5092.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of Caleb Estes & Son and Caleb Estes & Sons, Bankrupts. In Bankruptcy.

District of Maine, ss. Upon the application of Frederick M. Laughton, Esq., Assignee of the estate of Caleb Estes & Son, Bankrupts, It is Ordered, That a second and third General Meeting of the Creditors of said Bankrupts be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, Bangor, in said District, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., before Charles Hamlin, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the Section 5092 and 5093 of the Revised Statutes of the United States; Title Bankruptcy.

And it is further Ordered, That the Assignee give notice of said meeting by sending written or printed notices by mail, postpaid, of the time and place of said meeting to all known creditors of said Bankrupt; and that he also notify the Bankrupt to be present thereat; and he shall cause publication notice of the time and place of said meeting once a week for two successive weeks, in the newspaper called the Bangor Daily Whig & Courier, printed at Bangor, the first publication to be at least ten days prior to said meeting.

Witness the Honorable Richard Fox, Judge of the said Court, and the seal thereof at Bangor, in said District, on the 16th day of September A. D., 1878.

WM. P. PREBLE,

Clerk of District Courts for said District.

Issued this 16th day of September, 1878, by Charles Hamlin, Register.

sep16 3taw3w

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, July Term, A. D. 1878.

Upon the petition of Love F. Straw, husband and widow of Mary Straw, late of Newport, in said County of Penobscot, deceased, that the administration of the estate of said deceased may be granted to Ell or Walker of said Newport.

ORDERED, That said petitioner give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order thereof to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in August next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

35 3taw

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, August Term, A. D. 1878.

Lavinia S. Tuck, named Executrix in a certain instrument and codicil to same, purporting to be the last will and testament of Finley Tuck, late of Exeter, in said county, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in September next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the last will and testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

35

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, August Term, A. D. 1878.

John A. Roberts and William A. Roberts, named Executors in a certain instrument purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of William T. Roberts, late of Lincoln, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executors give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in September next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved, and allowed as the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

35

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, July Term, A. D. 1878.

Henry H. Hirst, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of David Hirst, late of Orrington, in said county, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said county, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said county, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in September next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

35

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, July Term, A. D. 1878.

Winthrop Andrews, named Executor in a certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Abner Whitcomb, late of Dixmont, in said County, deceased, having presented the same for Probate.

ORDERED, That said Executrix give public notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this Order to be published once a week three weeks successively in the Bangor Weekly Courier, a newspaper published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate for said County, to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in September next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be proved, approved and allowed as the last Will and Testament of said deceased.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.

A true copy—Attest:

AMBROSE C. FLINT, Register.

35

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed, and has taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of

ISAAC S. BRETON, late of Lincoln,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to present the same for settlement to him.

PORTER NEALEY, Adm'r.

Bangor, July 30, 1878. 33

Fairbanks, Brown & Co.

REMOVED

TO THE

NEW AND ELIGIBLE STORE,

83 MILK STREET,

Corner of Congress Street,

POST OFFICE SQUARE,

With additional facilities, they solicit the continuance of the generous patronage of the public.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES,

IN EVERY VARIETY,

OF THE BEST POSSIBLE QUALITY,

And with the Latest and most Valuable Improvements.

83 Milk Street, Post Office Square,

BOSTON.

feb5

Real Estate.

House for Rent.

House No. 10 Court St., new papered and painted throughout; hard and soft water; 9 rooms. Inquire No. 3 Kenduskeag Block.

sept17 tf

For Rent.

A small tenement, No. 22 Pine bet ween State and York streets. Five dollars a month.

sept15 tf

Desirable Rooms

(Either single or en suite) with board, may be obtained at 20 Essex St.

sept13 2tw

A RARE CHANCE

TO PURCHASE

The Homestead of the late J. W. Humphrey, very pleasantly situated on Kenduskeag St., is now for sale. The buildings are new, thoroughly and neatly built, including a large stable. Terms easy. Enquire of

BYRON PORTER, Adm'r.

sept10 1w sat&w 101 Center St.

FOR RENT.

House No. 8 Fifth Street, now occupied by Mrs. S. F. Woodhull. Possession given the first of October. Apply to

A. G. WAKEFIELD.

Bangor, Sept. 9.

TO LET.

A pleasant sunny Tenement, No. 29 Third Street, 10 rooms, Holly Water and cement cellar. Rent low.

ALSO,

A tenement of 5 rooms newly papered and painted, in complete repair. Rent to suit the times.

HENRY MOYES.

Bangor, Sept. 7th, 1878.

STORE TO LET.

The desirable stand

No. 86 Hammond Street,

occupied by Messrs. Leighton & Baker, will be leased on reasonable terms, and possession given immediately. Apply to

W. S. HELLIER,

at office of Stoddard & Hellier, Fourth st.

sept4 tf

For Rent.

Room in "Hatch Block," Main St.

FRED A. HATCH.

mar18

Tenement for Rent.

A convenient Tenement of nine rooms, in thorough repair, and supplied with Holly Water, situated on Court Street within three minutes walk of the Post office. Inquire of A. FREESE & SON, 61 Hammond Street.

aug14 tf

For Rent.

A good Tenement of eight rooms. Also one on Prospect Street with five rooms.

A. E. POTE'S STORE,

19tf Kenduskeag Bridge.

For Rent.

A Tenement on Hilings Avenue opposite City Hall, in thorough repair.

GEO. J. THATCHER, 3 Adams St.

E. B. Thatcher, 93 Exchange St.

aug30

For Rent.

A small cottage house in Brewer, near the Iron Bridge. Inquire at this office.

may25

FALL

SILK HAT

NOW READY.

ADAMS BROS.,

5 Kenduskeag Bridge.

aug31

FILES.....FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME

to sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand

1000 Dozen Files

and am finishing off 150 Dozen per week, which I will warrant to cut as much as any imported.

The Lowest Prices,

as will warrant them equal to any imported.

Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.

'03 COLLINS, - - - Exchange St.

may1

REMOVAL.

WILLING S. CLARK,

Counsellor and Attorney at Law,

has removed to Office of Simon S. Rowe, Esq., at the head of first flight of stairs, left hand, Lincoln Block, 12 West Market Square, Bangor, Maine.

Sept. 9, 1878. tf

2 POUND CANS,

20 cents per Can,

J. H. SNOW.

july13 25 West Market Square.

To my Patrons and Friends in Bangor and vicinity---Greeting.

For many years I have used "TULCARIAN BURRH" as a BASE for artificial teeth. But there is necessity in this place and many who wear teeth prepared in Rubber, are suffering severely with canker in the mouth. But for more than three years I have used a new patent, the ORIENTAL PLATE, with the greatest satisfaction. This plate is entirely free from corroding acids or poisonous substances in the mouth. My patients are delighted with it, and the more I use it the better I like it. Those who submit me their mouths for a set of teeth can come assured that I will not get a set of teeth made on Caricour for a very small sum.

All dental work done in this house to me, I will do in the best possible manner and at the lowest terms. Yours truly,

J. K. LINCOLN,

Office No. 2, Wheelwright & Clark's Block, June5 tf Bangor.

OYSTERS, OYSTERS

FRESH EVERY DAY.

You can get the Best of Oyster Stews, OYSTERS by the quart, pint or can. Also Fruits from the shell served in every style.

N. B. The celebrated LONE JOHN CIGARS are to be found at the place only.

BANGOR OYSTER HOUSE,

No. 4, Harlow Street.

W. SCOTT MORRILL, Proprietor.

aug31

For Rent.

A nice small tenement in first class repair. Rent low. Enquire of

E. H. THOMAS,

sept18 Harlow Street.

Auction Sales.

PEARL & WEBB,

Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS,

24 West Market Square.

Care taken of Real Estate. Mortgages and Notes Negotiated.

EDWARD LEAVITT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT & AUCTIONEER

No. 12 Central St.

sept3

PORTER NEALEY,

Real Estate Broker,

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,

24 and 26 West Market Square,

march18 tf&w BANGOR, MAINE.

SWEET CLEWILL Duke's Best **NAVY Tobacco**

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine cheering qualities and excellence and lasting flavor of pectoring and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our high grade trade is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Sweet Russ* is on every ring. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample box, to D. A. Jennings & Co., 1324 Kentucky St., Louisville, Ky.

SELF RISING FLOUR.

Self Rising Buckwheat.

Self Rising Griddle Cake.

FRESH ARRIVAL

THOMPSON & KELLOGG'S,

Central Street.

The well known Custer,

JOHN H. LARKIN,

wishes to inform his many friends and the public in general, that he has been engaged by

SILAS D. JAMES & SONS,

to take care of their Custom Department and will endeavor to keep up his old and well established name of being one of the best Cutters in New England.

apr24 tf

SILAS D. JAMES & SONS Clothing House,

Nos. 1 and 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

apr24 tf

M. SCHWARTZ,

143 Exchange St.,

SAW MANUFACTURER

AND MACHINIST,

is prepared to supply at short notice any want of the very best warranted Saws, Saw-sharpening, Setting, Saw-gumming, &c., at short notice and in the most thorough manner.

The only Saw Manufacturer in the State that can repair Saws as short notice and in the most thorough manner. July23

MUSIC BOOKS!

For THE FALL TRADE.

The Harmonia.

FOUR-PART SONGS FOR MALE VOICES.

Praise an entirely new book, music well-selected, and the English words, both original and translated by L. O. Emerson. A valuable acquisition to the list of Male Quartet books.

Complete $2.50. Vocal parts, each 60 cents. Together $2.00.

Teachers, &c., are invited to send for Catalogues and Circulars containing large lists of the best, most useful and newest books for their use the coming season.

DITSON & CO.'S MUSICAL RECORD.

A New Weekly 16-page Paper, commences Sept. 7.

A wide-awake paper for Music Teachers and their Pupils, Organists, Players, and Music-lovers generally. 16 pages reading matter, 8 pages select music. (384 pages per year.) *$2 per year*, in advance.

Teachers of Singing Classes will please examine L. O. Emerson's "ONWARD," ($7.50 per dozen,) similar to the "VOICE OF SALVATION," and H. R. JOHNSON'S "HELMOS FOR SINGING CLASSES," ($6.00 per dozen,) or Emerson's "SALVATION," ($12 per dozen, vocal and Singing Classes.

All Books sent post-free for the retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO.

BOSTON.

sept1 W&Sw tdec8

SALEM LEAD COMPANY.

[Warranted PURE WHITE LEAD.—Well known throughout New England as the WHITEST, FINEST and BEST.

LEAD TAPE, 3-8 in wide, on reels for Curtain Sticks.

LEAD SHEET, from 3 1-2 to 8 inches wide, on reels for Bonnet Wire.

LEAD PIPE, of any size or thickness.

At lowest market prices for goods of equal quality. Terms CASH. Orders promptly executed.

WM. WILLCUTT, Treasurer,

march28 W&Sly Salem, Mass.

Patent SPRING SHAFT ADJUSTER.

This neat little patent takes the place of the rubber used for the same purpose. They are neat, simple, cheap, durable, never get out of place or wear out, and prevent all noise or movement.

For Sale by

Z. L. BRAGDON,

aug30 eod tf Franklin Bridge.

THE GREAT EUROPEAN NOVELTY.

HUNYADI JANOS,

The best Natural Aperient.

THE LANCET.—"Hunyadi Janos.—Barth Daffy affirms that its richness in opulent salts surpasses that of all other known waters."

THE BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.—"Hunyadi Janos.—The most agreeable, safest, and most efficacious aperient waters."

PROFESSOR VIRCHOW, Berlin: "Invariably good and strongly acting; most valuable."

PROFESSOR SCHMIDT, Vienna: "I have prescribed these Waters with remarkable success."

PROFESSOR SCANZONI, Wurzburg: "I prefer some bone but this."

PROFESSOR LAUDER BRUNTON, M. D., F. R. S., London: "More pleasant than its rivals, and surpasses them decidedly."

PROFESSOR ATTFIELD, M. D., F. R. S., Royal Military Hospital, Netley: "Preferred to Pullna and Friedrichshall."

A WINEGLASSFUL A DOSE.

INDISPENSABLE TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC. Every genuine bottle bears the name of THE ANGLO-HUNGARIAN Co. (limited), London.

JOSEPH ROSE & CO.,

43 & 44, Worship St., New York,

Sole Agents for United States and Canadas,

For Sale by Dealers, Grocers and Druggists.

The Label on every genuine Bottle is printed on BLUE paper.

June

Laying Hens.

THE LARGEST STOCK

EVER IN BANGOR.

Parties in want can save money by calling on

HARDWARE, IRON, PAINTS, &c.,

BANGOR.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834---Weekly, 1845

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion	$1 00
For one square, two insertions	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily	1 50
For one square, one week	2 00
Each week's continuance	75
For half-square, one time	75
For half-square, three times	1 00
For half-square, one week	1 25
Each week's continuance	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times	1 50
Each week's continuance	25.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.50 per square for first week---$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements contained within three lines each in two-thirds price; *one time a week*, one-half price; *one time a week*, one-third price.

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

All transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

SENATOR BLAINE AT PLYMOUTH.

ADDRESS TO THE PLYMOUTH COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

[From the Boston Journal.]

Thursday was the important day of the Fifty-Ninth Annual Exhibition of the Plymouth County Agricultural Society at Bridgewater, and the fine weather, splendid show, and the announcement that eminent speakers would be present, drew a large crowd. His Excellency the Governor was expected, but was unable to attend. The Hon. James G. Blaine, the Hon. Alanson W. Beard and the Hon. Thomas Russell arrived about half past twelve o'clock, and the Hon. B. W. Harris, the Hon. Henry B. Peirce and Judge Charles G. Davis of Plymouth had come upon the ground previously. Soon after a procession was formed; and those who intended to partake of the dinner entered the Society's dining hall.

After speeches by Collector Beard and Judge Thomas Russell, the President said:

Allow me, ladies and gentlemen, to give this simple toast: True statesmanship—Solid metal which will pass current always and with all men. Allow me to introduce the Hon. James G. Blaine. (Applause):

SPEECH OF THE HON. JAMES G. BLAINE.

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: I believe it has become the custom at agricultural societies to speak your mind freely upon everything except agriculture (laughter); and the unlucky attempt to say a word upon that field by orators who are not trained to the soil have admonished others to keep well clear of it. You remember the sad-in-New-England process. Governor Winslow, at the first Thanksgiving, in self-laudation; but while we are here at the family board, not to be reported—but there are always reporters around to tell who we say—I say that of the hundred million of Anglo-Saxon people, inheriting Anglo-Saxon liberty and energy, the people of New England are in the vanguard, very much in the vanguard. We are three and a half millions; there are not three and a half millions of Anglo-Saxons in the world so cultured and educated. Nowhere, not in England itself. We belong, I say to this great race, in which another character is developed that is a cause of congratulation. We all inherit, as northern nations do, a love of strong drink. Show me three and a half millions of Anglo-Saxons in the wide world that have conquered that inherited taste and raised the standard of temperate living as New Englanders have done. The Anglo-Saxons are also by nature and inheritance land grabbers. Show me three and a half millions of the Anglo-Saxon race in which private and personal rights are respected as in New England. Lord Macaulay said—himself not favorably disposed to this country—that in the New England States we had more completely attained than elsewhere under Heaven that which we aimed at by civil government, the protection of personal property and of the person. We live under a government of law, under a government in which order is a rule, and we live under a government which holds in detestation honor, leading characteristic, its great and abiding characteristic through all its generations. If in any form whatever we consent to take part or let with those who trample on law or countenance public disorder or public discredit. (Applause.)

Mr. Chairman, I do not know exactly what the state of your agriculture is here. As I said before, the duty of a man who speaks at an agricultural fair is to carefully avoid any allusion to that subject. But I come from a valley settled by men from Massachusetts. I come from a valley in the State of Maine distinguished for its excellence and its progress in all that relates to the best and highest development of agriculture—the valley of the Kennebec. I come from a valley, as I judge your county will be, that has a purer English blood and more unmixed descent from the original colonial emigrants to this country than can be found anywhere within the kingdom itself. Let me repeat—the county of Plymouth, I believe, is the only county, or the other county of Kennebec I know, has a purer English blood to-day than any county in England itself. We have preserved in stronger and colder quarters, and with more vigor and healthier traits those English traits which the day of John Locke and Milton, that have been maintained in England itself. The very by-words, the peculiarities that are called Yankeeisms, were the words of Locke; and when you go West and talk about doing your chores, and say laughed so for it, you are using just the word used by Locke. There is not a common word in use in New England to-day that was not coined in the mint of John Locke's day. So we preserve not only the literature and the diction and the idioms of the English tongue, but we preserve also that strong, sterling and unquenchable love of liberty which sent the original emigrants to this country and which has grown and prospered and developed in the new England. They sneer at the word "new England," but the very name of New England, that liberty shall be enjoyed to its full extent consistent with law. But New England has also remembered and can never forget that liberty is not license, that liberty is not the destruction of another man's rights; and it will be well for us to remember as the Irishman answered the Chartist meeting when they were having an agitation in Ireland, something like this: "Ain't one man as good as another?" "Yes, sure, and a little better." Remember that the liberty of the subject and the liberty of the citizen ends—and that is what we are apt to forget in this country sometimes—that the liberty of the citizen ends where the rights of another man begin. (Applause.) We are apt to think that liberty is something that is the absolute negation and destruction of law. But let me repeat that definition that comes with 900 years of proof and never can be bettered—that the liberty of every man ends where the rights of another begin. There are those, of course, of social theories in this country, as in all countries, who would be scenes of peril and disorder in this country; no man can foresee. We are trying the great experiment of governing a country by every human being within it having a part in the government. This is the great experiment that is now being successfully put to the test. Successfully thus far, and the question with us in this country is whether we can stand the popular excitement and commotion with which the country may be threatened. But for the salvation of the country what we need is a sense of manliness, whatever disorders may come, at once they did crop up into a gigantic rebellion. I think I may felicitate myself and this audience that whatever there may be in the future threatening the destruction of liberty and of government, the six New England States, with the blood of the Pilgrim Colony in their veins and the illustrious example of the fathers before them, will stand perpetually and immovably solid as the rock itself for liberty, for law, for order, for good government, and for the rights of every man without regard to his personal property or the rank in which he was born. Any other ground than that is foreign to the New England idea. We hear a good deal lately about the Ohio idea. I don't take much stock in it. I am a devout believer in the New England idea, and the New England idea is the one which will preserve the Government of the United States, with all its untold and undeveloped blessings, to the latest generation of man. I am exceedingly obliged for the attention which you have given to me. I come from a State that is a daughter of this old colony of Massachusetts, that has a common blood with this, that has a common heritage, that has common principles, and that has before it a common destiny which will be share and share alike to the end.

Mr. Blaine was rewarded with hearty applause, and the gathering broke up.

STATE NEWS.

Androscoggin.

The Lewiston chain gang has gone to jail, which looks as though the Grand Jury had not set on them in vain.

Only about a mile and a half of water pipe remains to be laid in Lewiston, and this will be completed by the middle of October. Pipe is now being laid with great dispatch.

Monday night a fat heifer was stolen from the barn of Mr. Sutton Stevens, in Auburn. The animal was led across the field to a highway, and has probably been made into beef long before this.

The Maine Central Railroad Company has contracted for the erection this fall of a new iron bridge in place of the easterly sections of their bridge over the Androscoggin in Lewiston.

The *Gazette* says that Saturday night, the last train to Lisbon, when two or three miles out of Lewiston, struck a tree that had been blown across the track; the passengers were pretty well shaken up, but no particular damage was done.

Kennebec.

Mrs. Benjamin Davis of Livermore, who, together with her daughter and Miss Smith of Auburn, were thrown from a carriage in Auburn a few days since, in consequence of the horse falling and breaking its neck, died Tuesday night from injuries received. Her daughter who resides in Washington, is in a critical condition. Miss Smith escaped with slight injury.

Penobscot.

On the 5th inst., one Clay, Sanguac, who had been selling soap and window polish about the city for several weeks, hired a horse and buggy of Berry Bros., of Rockland, for three or four days, and has not brought it back. He was traced to Damariscotta but no further clue to his whereabouts has been found. Mr. Berry offers a reward of $100 for return of the property and the thief.

The *Gazette* says: Mr. Benj. Burton, of Rockland, recently received a letter from Capt. G. H. Hall, of schooner Seguin, conveying the intelligence that Mr. Brabrook, Mr. Geo. E. Burton, who was mate of the schooner, was murdered by a drunken sailor named John Kain, while the vessel was lying at Kingston, Jamaica. The deed was done on Sunday, the 26th of August. Kain had been insubordinate in the morning, and about dark had come on board drunk and cursing and swearing. Being ordered forward swore at land attacked the mate who mastered him, however, and left him lying on the deck. Half an hour later he came into the cabin and attacked the mate with a knife, inflicting six stabs upon his person, before he could be disarmed. Mr. Burton was taken to the hospital, where he died the following Thursday. He leaves two boys in San Francisco. Kain was arrested in a liquor saloon and will be tried in October.

Gen. Tillson's artesian well on Hurricane Island, was sunk to a depth of 82 feet, through a solid ledge the entire distance, with the exception of seams in the rock. The water flows in at the rate of 120 gallons per hour. It is very cold and pure and is used for the large steam boiler. The sinking of this well was done under the superintendence of Capt. M. J. Achorn, and the perseverance which he displayed in pushing the work to a successful issue.

A kerosene lamp exploded while being put out in Bucklin's Shaving rooms, in Rockland, on Monday evening about 9 o'clock. Mr. Bucklin was about to close his shop for the night, and in turning down the wick, the flame from the wick, and the oil took fire and an explosion followed. An alarm of fire was given, the room being in a full blaze, but a bucket or more of water put out the fire. The floor of the room, under the lamp, and the wall near the lamp, were considerably burned. Eureka Engine was hauled into the street ready for action.

Waldo.

The only child of Joseph Roberts of Brooks, a boy two years old, fell into a tub of hot water last week and was scalded to death.

The Masonic Temple in Belfast is now nearly completed. The glass for the outer door has been procured, and is of heavy French plate, plain, that the interior of the room may be in as free view from the outside. The glass of the hall entrance door is of colored plate, with Masonic emblems for centre pieces. The fresco painters have nearly completed their work; and the dedication of the hall may be expected soon.

The *Age* says that Crosby Knowlton, of Liberty, while sitting beside his well-curb, was struck by a man who was out gunning and mistook the waving of Mr. K.'s hair for a squirrel moving about. Luckily the gun was not heavily loaded, and only with small shot. But two or three of the shot struck Mr. Knowlton's head and it is thought only one remains there. A physician was called to dress the wounds, who found on examination that while it might be difficult to remove the shot from Mr. Knowlton's head, it would be no injury to him even if it remains there.

York.

Col. Robert G. Ingersoll is to lecture in Biddeford the 17th of October.

About four thousand dollars in silver was paid out the recent corporation settlements in Biddeford.

Mr. Ralph Whitehead died in Biddeford pond, at the age of 64 years. Mr. W. fell from a hay mow at Union Falls, about ten weeks since and was seriously injured. At that time his hip was fractured and head is ailed. Since then he has suffered much, and has never fully recovered his reason.

The Biddeford *Union and Journal* says: A young French girl named Bernard met with a shocking accident in one of the mills on the Pepperell, on Friday. She was engaged in some portion of the work when her right hand was caught and drawn into the machinery. The hand was terribly mangled, muscles and bones being ground up together—there was not a whole bone left in the hand. Physicians were called and amputated the hand. This is one of the worst accidents that has occurred in this vicinity for some months.

Wednesday evening Herbert Goldthwait of Saco, employed in one of the Pepperell mills, met with an accident that deprived him of one finger. While engaged about his work it is said a ring finger of his right hand was caught in some portion of the machinery and about jammed off—so much so that he has now one finger less on that hand. The little finger narrowly escaped severe injury.

One of the workmen employed on the Methodist church, Saco, says that one night last week he dreamed that one end of the staging had not been nailed. Next morning when he came to work he made an examination and found, sure enough, that one end of the staging had not been nailed.

Mr. T. Hawkins of Saco has the contract for moving the St. Cloud House at Old Orchard. This house is to be moved forward toward the sea ten feet, so as to be on line with the other houses, raised up fourteen feet and a new story put beneath. An L seventy feet in length is also to be erected. Work is to be commenced immediately.

Last Friday Thomas Stone of Cape Porpoise was riding on an ox team when he was thrown off. He fell so the team passed over him. He was quite severely injured about the head and back.

Wednesday morning an attempt was made to burn the dwelling house occupied by Joanna and Lydia Wells, on the sea road, Kennebunk. A keg or half barrel filled with shavings and saturated with kerosene was placed against the front door and set on fire. The smell of the kerosene awoke some of the inmates of the house, and the fire was extinguished without much damage, except to the door which was partially burned. The same folks have had a house and a barn burned within a few years. This last fire is to be investigated officially.

TAKING ADVANTAGE OF MISFORTUNE.—A quarter of a century ago there was a memorable conflagration at Sacramento city, Cal., by which the entire business portion of the city was laid in ashes. When the great fire was at its maximum fury a wealthy merchant named McNulty, who owned some of the heaviest business establishments in the city, gazed for a few moments upon the work of destruction, and then instead of filling his hands and weeping over the disaster, he went to a neighboring livery stable, hired a fleet-footed horse, rode like John Gilpin during the remainder of the night, and before daylight the next morning had purchased every foot of lumber and every shingle at Grass Valley and Nevada City. There is, possibly, no human being on earth who would think of running out by the light of his burning property in order to make his fortune out of the disaster except an American. McNulty did so however, and almost immediately realized out of his lumber fourfold as much money as he had lost by the great fire.—[*Grass Valley (Cal.) Union.*

BANGOR MARKET.

SATURDAY, Sept. 21, 1878.

FLOUR. The markets for the last few weeks have shown quite an even surface generally, yet the nearness of the end of the season is to be downward, for the quantity seems still taken a fair share by the increase of stores, as shown by the daily report of those changing hands.

CORN is selling to-day from 55 to 58 cents per bushel.

MEAL. Corn meal is selling to-day at the even price of 55 cents per bushel.

FEED. Fine middlings are worth from $1.30 to $1.35, coarse do. $1.10 to $1.30, and bran from $1.05 to $1.10 per hundred lbs.

OATS are selling from the stores at 35 to 40 cents per bushel.

HAY. Coarse salt is sold at a range of prices from 25 to 40 cents per bushel, and Bangor butter salt (20 pound boxes) $35 to $50 per hundred.

MOLASSES is worth 30 to 32 cents per gallon.

LIME is worth 75 cents per cask.

CEMENT is selling at $1.80 per bbl.

HIDES are selling from 2½ to 3½ cents at $5.00 to $5.50 for merchantable, or up and down lots, and extras at prices from $6.50 to $7.50 and

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BIRD, PROPRIETORS.

G. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

MONDAY, SEPT. 30, 1878.

SOURCE OF DANGER.

Nothing throughout the fullest campaign for Honest Money has been more conducive or contributive to the Republican party of Maine, than the steady adhesion to principle everywhere manifested, a spirit of unanimity during the canvass of the independent Maine Republicans since the election and the assistance expressed by the Republican journals of the State, give assurance to the country that our duty to mankind at the present and that the tremendous storm of financial delusion is to be fought without swerving, to the end. The Republican party of Maine never stood in a position of attitude than to-day, showing a determination to prosecute beyond the mere condition to political success, and preferring defeat with unstained honor to any compromise or condition withdrawing.

There can be no doubt that this position is as wise as it is honorable, for ultimate defeat surely follows the triumph of error, and the ultimate victory must come to those who stand unwaveringly by the right. There never was a previous political movement in this country that set so completely and glaringly at defiance every precept of reason and every lesson of history, as this cause for an irredeemable currency. It is one of those political expedients which find their opportunity in periods of depression, and the holding out of seductive promises is more potent at the inauguration of such a movement than it can ever be afterward. When the time comes for the fulfillment of the glowing expectations fostered, then come the inevitable disappointment and disgust. Men know better than the demagogues who have encouraged this Greenback delusion, that the anticipations they have excited will turn to bitter sickness the lips of those they have duped. The eternal laws of nature cannot be reversed by a political pronunciamento, and even Ben Butler's impious claim that the "*Fiat Lux*!" of the Almighty can be imitated by a Government fiat that thalo shall be money classified out of nothing, can only excite thoughtful men to see more clearly the wretched sham of these "absolute money" doctrines.

Any man can see that if Government can create money at will out of material having no intrinsic value, and if that money can be invested with full purchasing power, there there is no need for any man to labor to acquire riches, as the Government can easily print a fortune for everybody. The absurdity of the doctrine carried to its extreme if just as real in any degree of its application, and such does to Butler not only know better than to advocate it, but have solemnly recorded their denunciations of it. In 1867, after the close of that period, Butler gave as the cause of a similar business depression to that which he now hypothecates: "The Constitutional currency of hard money has been swept away, and we now have a currency of rags, shreds and patches, and one to the caprice of our present financial rulers." He then proposed as a remedy, the withdrawal of all bank notes under $10, then under $20, and so on, until all payments under $20 should be made in coin. "This system," said he, "has worked well in France and England, "where financial panics never affect the laboring classes. The business of Massachusetts must be conducted on a specie basis and destructive panics be avoided." He then quoted Webster's sentence, "Of all contrivances for cheating the laboring men of all classes, none have been so successful as the expedient of a paper currency." And then adds a Section who is now proclaiming a "New American System of Finance," by which the previous morals shall be abolished and fiat, irredeemable, paper currency substituted in their stead!

"To compromise with such dishonest and utterly unstatesmanlike doctrine, would be to court irretrievable national disaster. The supporters of sound principles of finance must not give way an inch to surrender the ground won by a movement that is an honor to the country, taken out of the pockets of the tax-payers, and costing at least the current rate of interest, whether more, or less than the 6 or 4½ per cent. now due on the banks' bonds. But the Government would not be situated so as to keep, with safety, as small a reserve as an ordinary bank of issue. The maintenance of its credit would be infinitely more important than that of banks, because to it the supplementaries of the entire people, and if its promises to pay were not met whenever presented, the injury would fall on the entire country, and the consequences might at any moment be commercial confusion, panic, and general distress.

Again, the President of a bank have admirable opportunities to study the course of their own notes, and of all the fluctuations which affect them. They can, and if they are intelligent, they do, use judgment and the approach of an extraordinary demand for redemption and can provide against it. They have money out at interest which they can call in; they have securities which they can sell; they can provide their notes as they are presented. Above all, in connection with other men engaged in the business, they can largely influence the public sentiment. What threatens an ordinary climacte. The Government could do nothing of this kind. If a mistake to keep out a certain volume of some always unfavorable, it cannot interpose to reserve for redemption except by taxation, which in any view a remedy, or by temporary loans. In the latter case, if the loans are made by means of bonds, the interest which is to be sought to some must be paid; if they are made by Treasury notes, the very terms of those notes would eliminate the demand for redemption; in either case, the money market would be confused, prices would distorted, and, in a few days, loss might be inflicted unfortunate greater than the total interest on the entire volume of the notes. To avoid these contingencies, the Government, if it is to maintain the redeemability of its notes substituted for the bank notes, would have to keep so large a reserve that the interest, added to the cost of managing and guarding the fund, would reduce the saving to nothing.

If, on the other hand, the notes which it is proposed to substitute for bank notes are not to be redeemable, then we must contemplate an entirely different state of things. We must reckon first on the doubling of our irredeemable currency.—Of course, the notes now out would not be redeemed any more than the new ones. This is recognized by the friends of the substitution plan, who always include in their plan a demand for the repeal of the Resumption act. At present, the greenbacks are not regarded as irredeemable, nor are the bank notes so. At any time the holders of them can exchange them for greenbacks, or if the bank cannot pay them, can have them paid by the Treasury, and the bank notes if gradually allowed to increase in volume as compared with greenbacks, would soon come to be a superior currency. But under the substitution programme, we should have nothing but an absolutely irredeemable currency. This would be either kept always at the same volume, or it would be decreased and expanded by legislation. If it were invariable in amount, it would fluctuate in value with the changing condition of trade, depending largely on our foreign commerce. Should the amount of trade increase, the value of the notes might be kept at par, and the amount demanded currency be supplied by the importation of coin. Should there be no increase in trade, the notes would be liable to fall below par. Any one who is at all familiar with the fluctuations of bank note activity can judge whether an irredeemable currency, even if hedged in these restraints, would be a stable currency. It is certain that it would not.

But if Congress were questioned without dispute the right to make the substitution of legal tenders for bank notes, it is plain that it would not have the same authority. It would be a violation of the public faith—a breach of contract—to change their relation, simply to increase it. This promise would produce instantly such effect would therefore be guided by political and not financial motives. At present, it must be remembered, banking is absolutely free. If there is a legitimate demand for more currency, it can be promptly met by establishing the machinery. If the demand falls off, the currency can be exchanged for the bonds again. The movement is regulated by the condition of trade, and is automatic. But if regulated by Congress, it would be arbitrary. Suppose Congress should make one mistake, such as to increase the currency unreasonably, and to drive prices up accordingly. There are about ten millions of people in the country engaged in agricultural and mechanical industries. If such an error should increase the cost of living for each of these persons 25 cents a day, they would lose in one week $17,500,000, which is the same nine gain for interest on the bonds deposited as security for the bank issues. This simple fact is one of many which show how much the country has to gain by the scheme of substituting greenbacks for bank notes.

A reader says the Greenbackers are the South of the Republican party that the Democratic whole has surrendered to, and that will be opposed by all true friends of gold, when the Democratic party has accomplished its purpose.

The Oxford Democrat, an undertaking paper published at Paris, has the audacity to intelligence that Mr. Blaine expressed much sympathy for Tom Ewing, and that he made campaign.—Portland Advertiser.

Mean "sympathy" of the Democrat was not "enthusiasm," and the attempted lie is quite worthy of the Portland Advertiser and its editor. Mr. Blaine has been in no way connected with the contest of Tom Ewing, and has not expressed any opinion concerning it. Mr. Blaine has been in no way connected with the contest of Tom Ewing, and has not expressed any opinion concerning it.

Special Notices.

HOTEL PRICES REDUCED.

Maine Central Railroad

Low Rates of Fare

WANTED.

THE TRUE TEST

DR. BLAISDELL'S

Something New!

STANDARD'S DISINFECTA T.

LATEST STYLES

BOX PAPERS

John T. Bowler & Co.'s,

Refrigerators! Refrigerators!

THE PEERLESS REFRIGERATOR,

G. W. MERRILL & CO.,

FURNITURE of all kinds,

68 and 65 Main Street.

NOTICE TO WATER-TAKERS.

CALLED BONDS.

W. J. WEBB & CO.

D. W. GARLAND

NORTHPORT CAMP GROUND

1878 SEASON 1878

Boarding House for Rent.

JAMES H. CROSBY,

D. W. MAKEFIELD,

Counsellor at Law,

CHAS. HAMLIN, ESQ.,

Counsellor at Law,

Mr. John L. Hodsdon, Jr.,

SASH!

SCANTLINGS

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES

BANKERS,

and Proprietors of the

BANGOR

Safe Deposit Vaults,

No. 7 Kenduskeag Block, Bangor.

C. F. SEWELL,

List of Letters,

MAINE GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

BOUGHT AND SOLD

IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Richardson, Hill & Co.,

Dissolution of Copartnership.

Cider Vinegar.

JAMES H. SNOW'S

A NICE PORTO RICO

MOLASSES

J. BERRY'S TEA STORE,

At Opportunity

USE CONFECTIONER'S SUGAR

For Frosting

AND MAKE SMOOTH CREAM.

HENRY A. APPLETON,

20 Central Street.

SEEDS AND BULBS.

Fruit and Confectionery,

Imported and Domestic Cigars,

C. W. KENNISTON.

CARD.

COFFEE!

FRESH ROASTED,

JOHNSON'S TEA STORE,

NO. 2 KENDUSKEG BRIDGE,

Fresh Ground.

Ard Graham,

CHAS. DWINELL'S,

No. 3 Kenduskeag Bridge.

Try our Pure Havana

May Week Cigars

AT 50 CENTS,

All of the Evangeline Music

May be found at

PATTEN & WHEELDEN.

CLIMAX CORSET for Ladies.

COMFORT WAIST for Children.

For Sale by O'NEILLEY & CO.,

No. 48 Main Street, Bangor.

NOTICE.

CARPET SWEEPERS.

THE BEST EVER INVENTED.

ROBERTS & SON,

No. 7 Main Street.

IRON COMPANY,

WASHINGTON & OAK STREETS.

ALL ORDERS FOR

MILL, TANNERY AND OTHER

MACHINERY,

BOILERS AND FIXTURES,

NEW AND SECOND HAND

STEAM ENGINES,

—AND—

FLUE AND TUBULAR HORIZONTAL

AND UPRIGHT

STEAM BOILERS.

RELIEVE

APOTHECARY,

No. 4 Strickland's Block,

TOILET ARTICLES,

Remember the Place—Only Safe Down West from the Post Office on THE BRIDGE.

No. 4 Strickland's Block.

STANDARD

Bread Mixer

KNEADER.

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

Front Street.

THE WONDERFUL

TELEPHONE

5c HALF DIME 5c CIGAR.

CHINA TEA CO.

36 Main St.

For Rent.

BANGOR BRIDGE COMPANY.

GARD.

CHICKERING & SONS!

GLAZED WINDOWS,

DOORS, SASH AND BLINDS,

RICE & SKINNER.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT

Musical Association

HENRY A. APPLETON,

20 CENTRAL STREET.

For Picking.

WHOLE ALLSPICE.

WHOLE CASSIA.

WHOLE PEPPER.

WHOLE MUSTARD.

WANTED.

Penobscot Iron Works.

A Cider Press,

WALKER'S FURNACES.

Portable and Brick.

WROUGHT IRON FURNACE

Parlor Stoves,

Open Franklin and Cooking Stoves.

THE PALLAS RANGE

Prices to Suit the Times.

21, 23, 27, Central St.

SUCCESSORS TO A. LEIGHTON,

PLUMBING, STEAM-FITTING,

AND

WATER-PIPING.

Manufacturers of Galvanized Cornice and Gutters, Also dealers in Drain and Sewer Pipe.

Exchange; Corner of Tenth Street.

Regular Break Down!

THE BIGGEST SLAUGHTER YET.

Immense Bargains in Men's and Boy's Clothing.

Being determined to sell our stock of Spring and Summer Clothing before the season closes we have this day marked down the following:

25 Men's three-fourths wool suits, from $6.00 to $4.50

40 Men's good business suits, from 7.75 to 6.00

50 Men's fine all wool suits, from 10.00 to 8.00

42 Men's fine worsted suits, from 11.00 to 11.00

100 Pairs Men's fine all wool Pants, from 2.00 to 1.50

White Vests, Linen Dusters and Ulsters very low.

The great demand for our CHILDREN AND BOYS' CLOTHING has compelled us to make another large addition to our stock, and I venture to say that I have now the largest and best assorted stock of Children's, Boy's and Youth's Clothing in the city of Bangor, all of which I guarantee to sell at lowest prices, and solicit inspection of my clothing to call at

Waterman's "Boss Clothing House,"

Sign of the Dressed Man. 77 EXCHANGE ST.

GETCHELL, LEIGHTON & CO.,

PLUMBERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

GALVANIZED GUTTERS AND VENTILATORS,

And Dealers in Drain Pipe.

20 CENTRAL STREET.

NEWMAN, LEWIS & CO.,

Planing, Steam and Gas Fitting,

W. O. PEAKES & SON,

GIVE US A CALL.

7 State Street, Bangor, Maine.

PEAKES' PICKLES,

GHERKINS PICKLES,

MIXTURE PICKLES,

BY THE GALLON.

COME AND TRY MY

HENRY A. APPLETON,

20 CENTRAL STREET.

FALL STOCK.

FULL LINE OF

Pillsbury Brothers'

FALL STYLE HATS

F. A. CURTIS,

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

INVESTIGATE IT!

BROADWAY

SHEET RUBBER,

Rubber Shooting,

Rubber Cushions for Invalids,

Rubber Syringes, Nurse Pumps &c.

N. S. HARLOW,

4 SMITH BLOCK.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Press and Courier.

MONDAY, SEPT. 22, 1873.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

PORT PENINSULA.

One Cutting Burned in Bucksport.

Bucksport, Sept. 21. The Gun factory at the Portland Packing Company's establishment last night by the breaking of a kerosene lamp in the office. Loss $10,000, insured $60,000, of which $30,000 was on the stock, which, with the buildings were taken by the company's stock, was not insured. The insurance is divided thus: Western, Worcester, $5,000; Hudson, New York, $5,000; Pennsylvania, Worcester, $5,000; Scottish Commercial, $5,000. Commonwealth, Boston, $5,000; Montauk, Montauk, $5,000; Phoenix, Brooklyn, $5,000; Atlantic, Boston, $5,000; Commercial Union, $5,000; Connecticut, $5,000; Liverpool, $5,000; American Central, $5,000; Firemen's $2,000. Lost $61,000.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Destructive Cornado.

A WHOLE VILLAGE DESTROYED.

Several Lives Lost.

[illegible] Sept. 21. A dispatch from [illegible] says a cyclone [illegible] from the north-west [illegible] Thursday afternoon, [illegible] a terrific storm with indescribable force, leaving [illegible] in its track. [illegible] Among the [illegible] Mr. Hall, wife and child, [illegible] Mr. Hall's father-in-law, [illegible] Mr. Hall's brother, [illegible] Mr. Hall's sister, [illegible] Mr. Hall's brother-in-law, [illegible] Mr. Hall's brother-in-law, [illegible] Mr. Hall's brother-in-law

1878.

THE OLDEST AND BEST FAMILY NEWSPAPERS

BANGOR DAILY

AND

BANGOR

1878—Vols. XLV-VI.

Daily Established 1834 - - - Weekly, 1842.

BOUTELLE & BURR, Proprietors.

J. A. BOUTELLE, Editor.

In issuing the Forty-fifth Annual Prospectus of these standard Newspapers, the Proprietors would modestly appeal to the record for almost half a century in attesting the best promises of the future. While they will continue to spare no effort to make reliable and interesting their high character as

The Leading Journals of Eastern Maine,

And with fruition at our command we hope to make our journals still more interesting during the coming year.

Our connection with the Associated Press, from which we receive all the dispatches by night and day, enables us to present in each issue

The Latest Telegraphic News from All Parts of the World.

In addition we shall be served by Special Correspondents at important points, and shall furnish in

Full Reports of
Local, Domestic and Foreign News,
Proceedings of Congress,
Of State Legislature,
Statistical and Commercial,
Home Produce Markets,
Editorial Articles, Agricultural News,
Miscellaneous Intelligence,
Selected Stories,
Choice Poetry,
Entertaining Miscellany,

and all the important and interesting features which make up a

First Class Family Newspaper.

In politics the papers will continue to advocate and uphold the Principles of the Republican Party, while claiming to be independent in the habit and best sense of the word. Parties and men, spoken of in the columns of the Press, are treated with fairness and candor, and they believe in the right, they will avoid condemning any public character by the understanding rather than to give it. They shall always be open will be decided on universally important political events bearing upon the future of our country, and it will be our duty to advocate such measures as shall seem best calculated to foster only such measures and policy as will best protect the rights and promote the welfare of all the people.

HOME INTERESTS,

as affected by the development of the resources of Maine, will receive special attention, and whatever is calculated to encourage or benefit

AGRICULTURE AND MANUFACTURES

in the State will be heartily encouraged. We shall carefully collate with unbiased promptness all important testimony, avoid sensational matter and seek to render a thoroughly reliable paper which will be welcome at

A Welcome in Every Family Circle.

In advertising our columns upon one of the best roads in New England, our circulation being the largest of any paper in the section, making the best medium of the people, and as

The Only Morning Daily East of the Kennebec,

our Daily issue affords the promptest medium of communication with a large and constantly increasing number of readers throughout Central and Eastern Maine.

OUR WEEKLY

is also the largest and best Weekly Newspaper in the State. Every number contains all the news, editorial, literary and miscellaneous matter of interest, and is a complete family paper, at only $2.00 a year in advance. Weekly, 52 columns of information, with Tales and Sketches, carefully selected from the most interesting and choicest of the productions of State, are issued and no effort spared to render it worthy of a liberal support by the best class of readers.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR 1878.

TERMS—Invariably in advance!

Daily (five papers per week), $6.00 a year; $3.00 for six months; $1.50 for three months.

Weekly (one paper per week), $2.00 a year; $1.00 for six months; 50 cents for three months.

Clubs may remit for complete arrangement at cheaper rates. Specimen copies sent free. All letters on business must be addressed to the publishers, and will meet with prompt attention.

POSTAGE PREPAID,

making a saving of this per annum for each of our Daily, and 26 cents per annum, to each of our Weekly subscribers.

CLUBBING WITH MAGAZINES.

Arrangements will be furnished with either our Daily or Weekly papers and any of the favorite Periodicals or Magazines at their lowest club rates.

In ordering these arrangements terms we have to be governed by a literal publication.

BOUTELLE & BURR,
Publishers,
No. 1 Mulliken Exchange Building, Bangor, Maine.

Bangor Post Office.

OFFICIAL.

A. M. PACKARD, Postmaster
E. A. CHAMBERLAIN, Asst. Postmaster
W. H. H. HAYDEN, Clerk

OFFICE HOURS.

From 7 A. M. to 7 P. M. and from 12 to 1 P. M. on Sundays, from 9 to 10 A. M.

Abstract and Registers of Mails.

MAILS CLOSE.